# God's Trombones

Seven Negro Sermons in Verse

by James Weldon Johnson

**Choral Part** 



Music by Gordon Myers

SATB, Baritone Solo and Brass

# James Weldon Johnson

James Weldon Johnson was born in Jacksonville, Florida, in 1871. He was educated at Atlanta and Columbia Universities. He was among the first black men to break through the barriers of segregation, and was the first black admitted to the bar in Florida. He, along with his composer brother, J. Rosamund Johnson and their friend, Bob

Cole, wrote a number of successful Broadway musicals and popular songs in the early 1900s. James Weldon Johnson wrote the poem, "Lift Every Voice and Sing," J. Rosamund set it to music and the inspiring result is now considered by many to be the Negro National Anthem.

Mr. Johnson spoke fluent Spanish and was American Consul in Venezuela and in Nicaragua. He was Executive Director of the NAACP and was Professor of Creative Literature at Fisk University. His autobiography, "Along This Way," published in 1933, also has become an American Classic and is important reading for anyone interested in the history of Black America.

James Weldon Johnson died in 1938.



A recording of this work is available on Gloriæ Dei Cantores 017 God's Trombones. An order of the recording may be placed simultaneously with octavo purchase.

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#### **God's Trombones**

A Prayer and Seven Negro Folk Sermons

#### I. Listen, Lord – A Prayer



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#### **II. The Creation**



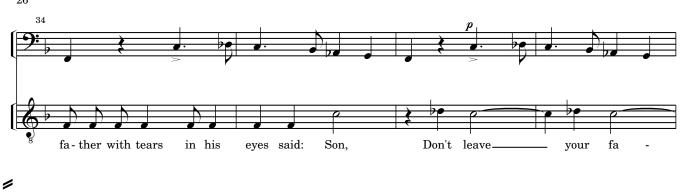


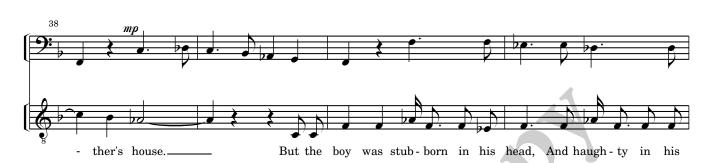


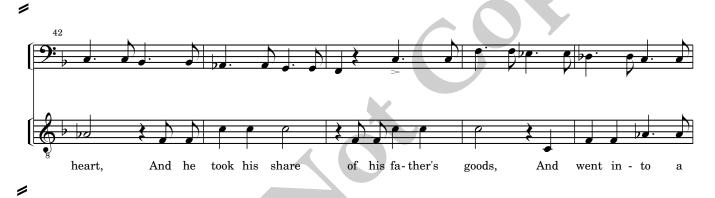
### III. The Prodigal Son

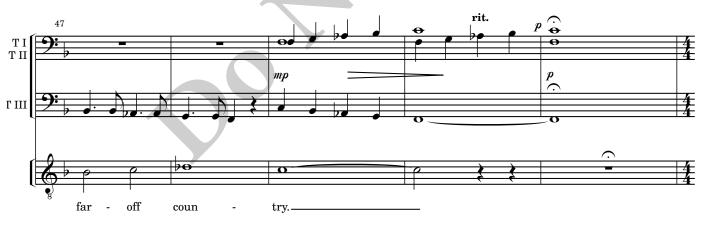














#### IV. Go Down Death







#### V. Noah Built the Ark







#### VI. The Crucifixion







### VII. Let My People Go







## VIII. The Judgment Day



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# Program Notes

James Weldon Johnson's *God's Trombones—Seven Negro Sermons in Verse* was published by The Viking Press in 1927. Having enjoyed many reprintings, it has become a classic in American Literature.

In the Preface of his book, Mr. Johnson writes, "The history of the Negro preacher reaches back to Colonial days . . . in the two or three decades before the Civil War Negro preachers in the north, many of them well-educated and cultured, were courageous spokesmen against slavery and all its evils."

Mr. Johnson describes having heard an old time preacher in Kansas City: "He started intoning the old folk-sermon that begins with the Creation of the World and ends with the Judgment Day . . . It was a moment alive and quivering; and all the while the preacher held it in the palm of his hand. He was wonderful in the way he employed his conscious and unconscious art. He strode the pulpit up and down in what was actually a very rhythmic dance, and he brought into play the full gamut of his wonderful voice, a voice—what shall I say-not of an organ or a trumpet, but rather of a trombone, the instrument possessing above all others the power to express the wide and varied range of emotions encompassed by the human voice—and with greater amplitude. He intoned, he moaned, he pleaded—he blared, he crashed, he thundered. I sat fascinated; and more I was, perhaps against my will deeply moved; the emotional effect upon me was irresistible. Before he had finished I took a slip of paper and I somewhat surreptitiously jotted down some ideas for the first poem, 'The Creation'."

Mr. Johnson ends his Preface with: "The old-time preacher is rapidly passing. I have here tried to fix something of him."

While browsing in a Times Square book store in the early 1950s, Aaron Douglas' dramatic art work on the cover of *God* 's *Trombones* by James Weldon Johnson caught my eye. And the little book containing *Seven Negro Sermons in Verse* (plus an opening prayer) has been my friend and companion ever since.

When it came time to choose a project for my doctoral thesis at Teachers College, Columbia University, I elected to set to music all seven of Mr. Johnson's sermons. Approaching the task, I kept the sound of a church choir, the lilt of a folk song and the vitality of the Negro Spiritual in my ear, and set out to blend them into one consistent concert idiom.

It was the summer of 1960. The *New York Pro Musica*, of which I was a performing member, had just completed some 45 performances of its revival of the Twelfth Century "The Play of Daniel" in England, Italy and one of our stages in France was at L'Abbaye de Royaumont, a few miles north of Paris. When our tour ended in England, my wife, Harriet, and I spent a day in London where we located and purchased two copies of *God's Trombones* before returning to Royaumont for a two week stay.

At Royaumont I was given a room with a piano in which to work. I gritted my teeth, tore apart the two copies of *God's Trombones*, and Scotch-taped the pages of each sermon together and mounted them on the wall. The texts of the *Seven Sermons*, then, were in full view before me. I marked with a pencil which part of the text might be sung by a preacher, which might be sung by his congregation (a mixed chorus), which might be accompanied and which might best be sung *a cappella*. Also, where the music might be loud, where soft, where fast or slow and where dramatic and where lyric. In short, like an architect, I created a set of plans, as it were, an outline indicating the form and the shape the new work was to take, even before sitting down to write a single note of music!

Of course, various melodic and rhythmic elements had suggested themselves over the years, so it should be said I did not begin composing with an empty head—that is, any emptier than it already was! As it turned out, I completed the music for five of the eight sections of the work—about 55 minutes worth—in thirteen days. Working so closely with Mr. Johnson's poems, I began to feel that we had become old and treasured friends.

Our *God's Trombones* was premiered at Teacher's College on February 21, 1964 by the Pascack Valley High School Choir from Hillsdale, New Jersey which was magnificently trained by their conductor, Donald McDaniel. The brass ensemble was assembled by a fellow doctoral candidate, Jim Eversole and I sang the solo part of the preacher myself.